pl. by common consent, and اجداف is not used : (TA:) but Suh affirms, in the R, that the latter pl. is used by Ru-beh. (TA in art. جدف.)

جدح 1. جَدْحَ, aor. - , inf. n. جَدْحَ, *He mixed* any-thing. (L.) جَدَحَ السَّوِيقَ (S, A, Mgh, L, Ķ,) جدّحه * aor. and inf. n. as above; and أَفَحُوهُ, inf. n. تَجْدِيحُ ; (L;) and * اجتدحه (Ş, L, K,) and ♦ اجدمة ; (Ķ;) He stirred about the سويق [or meal made of parched barley or wheat], and the like, with water, [or milk, (see what follows,) or clarified butter, or fat of a sheep's tail, &c., (see أَرْبَتْ)] until the whole became of a uniform consistence: (L:) or he stirred it about with a سویق (A, L :) or he stirred about the سویق in milk, and the like, with a ..., until it became mixed : (Lth, TA :) or he beat and mixed the سويق mith a مجدح (Mgh:) i. q. نَتَّهُ : (Ş, Ķ :) and مجدّحه (inf. n. جَدّحه (, k :) and بقد ما الم it; in the K, نطَخَهُ; but the right reading is فلَطَه, as in the L and other lexicons: (TA:) but this is per- شربه) he drank it اجتدحه * he beat it]) with ضربة he beat it] the مجدح. (L, TA.)

2 : see 1, in two places.

4: see 1. احدم الإبل He branded the camels on their thighs with the mark called (K.)

8: see 1, in two places.

see the next paragraph.

is سَوِيق The instrument with which مِجْدَع stirred about with water &c.; (S, A, K, &c.;) which is a piece of wood the end whereof has several sides; (S, L;) or a piece of wood at the head of which are two cross pieces of wood; (A, Mgh, L;) and sometimes having three prongs: (IAth, TA:) pl. مُجَادِحُ. (L.) It is sometimes used tropically, as relating to evil, or mischief. (L.) [Thus it means \$ A stirrer-up of evil or mischief; or a thing that stirs up, or whereby one stirs up, evil or mischief.] _ Also + Any one of the مَجَادِيمُ السَّمَاءِ [or stirrers-up of the sky, or of rain]; (L;) these being the or stars, or asterisms, which, by their أنواء auroral settings or risings, were believed by the Pagan Arabs to bring rain &c.]; (S, L, K;) of those iield that seldom or never failed [to bring rain], accord. to the Arabs: (Mgh :) the & in the pl. is added to give fulness to the sound of the kesreh; for the regular pl. is , and the sing. of مجاديح should by rule be مجاديح. (A, IAth, Mgh.) One says, ارْسَلَتِ السَّهَاءَ مَجَادِيحُها (L) or مَجَادِيحُ (A) + [Its stirrers-up, or the stirrers-up of rain, or the stars or asterisms which were the bringers of it, sent forth rain]. It is related of 'Omar, that he ascended the pulpit to pray for rain, and, having only offered a prayer for forgiveness, descended; whereupon

السَّهَاء + [I have indeed prayed for rain by words which are the stirrers-up of rain]; making the prayer for forgiveness to be a prayer for rain, in allusion to a passage in the Kur, lxxi. 9 and 10; and meaning thereby to deny the efficacy of the المجدّ (A,* Mgh,* L.) المجدّ , also pronounced المجذح (S, K,) thus pronounced by El-Umawee, (S,) is moreover the name of +A particular star or asterism, one of those which the Pagan Arabs asserted to be bringers of rain: (L:) said to be الديران [the Hyades; or the five chief stars] thereof; or the brightest star thereof, a of Taurus]; (S, A, L, K;) [which is called by this name of الدبران] because it rises latterly [with respect to the Pleiades], (S,) or because it follows (: دبر .i. e. (يَتْبَعُ) the Pleiades : (T in art (. يَتْبَعُ) [whence] it is also called أَحَدِي النُّجُومِ [" the urger of the stars," properly, "with singing"], (\$,) or حادي النَّجْهِ ("the urger of the asterism" meaning, "of the Pleiades"], and تَالى النَّجْمِرِ ["the follower of the asterism," or, "of the Pleiades "], (Kzw,) and التَّالي and "" (the follower"]: (Sh:) or it is a small star or asterism, : [or the Pleiades] الثُوَيًّا and الدبران [or the pleiades] (IAar, K:) [perhaps meaning the four stars that are the chief stars of the Hyades exclusively of a Tauri:] or three stars, (Mgh, TA,) like the three stones upon which a cooking-pot rests, (TA,) likened to a three-pronged ; (Mgh, TA ;) on the [auroral] rising of which, heat is expected: (TA:) the Arabs regarded it as one of the انواء which [by their auroral setting] foretokened rain. (IAth.) المِجْدَحَان is a name by which some of the Arabs called + The two wings of also مجدّح _ (or Orion]. (Sh, TA.) الجُوزَاء signifies + A certain mark made with a hot iron upon the thighs of camels. (K.)

Beverage, or wine, (شَرَاب) stirred about : (S, K:) and in like manner, blood, when it is stirred about in the body of a gored animal by the goring horn. (L.)

Blood drawn from a vein, used in times of dearth, or drought, (S,K,) in the Time of Ignorance: (S:) or blood which was mixed with something else, and eaten in times of dearth: (TA:) or a kind of food of the Payan Arabs, being blood obtained by opening a vein of a shecamel, which blood was received in a vessel, and drunk. (T, TA.)

1. جَدَر (K,) aor. -, (TA,) He made a جدار [app. here meaning a wall of enclosure]; syn. and he founded : جدار (K:) or he built a جدار: (K:) and he founded it. (Ham p. 818.) = He concealed himself by means of a جدار [or wall]. (Th, K.) جدار means (A, K,) inf. n. جَدَر ; (TA ;) and جَدَر (Lh, K,) aor. -, inf. n. جَدْرُ * (Lh, TA ;) and جُدْرُ (Ş A, K,) which last some disallow, because this form it was said to him, "Thou hast not prayed for denotes repetition, and the verb signifies the having retain water; likened to a wall: (Az, Msb :) or

rain;" and he replied, القد أستسقيت بمجادير a disease that befalls but once in a man's life; (MF;) He (a man, S, or a child, A) had, or became attacked by, جدري [or small-pox]. (§, A, K.) [And جَدَرَ الجُدَرِيُ The small-pox came forth, or broke out; as in the TK: for its inf. n.] signifies the coming forth, or breaking out, of the جَدُرَة. (K.) جَدُرَ aor. - , inf. n. جَدَرَق, He, or it, was, or became, adapted, disposed, apt, meet, suited, suitable, fitted, fit, competent, proper, or worthy. (K.) You say, جدر به [and لك] He was, or became, adapted, disposed, apt, He جَدُرَ أَنْ يَغْعَلَ كَذَا [And] جُدُر أَنْ يَغْعَلَ كَذَا He was, or became, adapted, disposed, apt, &c., for doing such a thing. See جدره الجدير He made, or called, (جَعَلَ) him, or it, adapted, disposed, apt, meet, suited, suitable, fitted, fit, competent, proper, or worthy. (K.)

عَدَّرَ بِنَاءَهُ . see 8. جَدَّرَ بِنَاءَهُ . see 1.

How well [للْخَيْر and] مَا أَجْدَرَهُ بِالخَيْر 4. adapted or disposed, or how apt, meet, suited, suitable, fitted, fit, competent, or proper, is he for what is good ! or how worthy is he of what is good ! (A.) And أَجْدَرُهُ أَنْ يَغْعَلَ ذَلكَ And (أَجْدَرُهُ أَنْ يَغْعَلَ ذَلكَ (A.) How well adapted or disposed, or how apt, meet, &c., is he for doing that ! or how morthy is he to do that ! (TA.) The usage of جدر, signifying "he was, or became, adapted, &c.," refutes the assertion of certain grammarians that these two forms of the verb deviate from general rule. (MF.)

8. أجدير inf. n. جدره (K) تجدير بناآءه (K) and مُجَدًّر; (TA;) He raised his building high; or constructed it firmly and strongly, and raised it high; syn. شَيَّدُهُ. (K, TA.) [In the CK, we read اجتَدَر بناه, as though the pronoun a referred to the word , evil, which precedes, and thus the verb signified "he built a wall;" but it is shown in the TA that the right reading is that given above.]

Q. Q. 1. جَنْدَرَ الكِتَابَ He passed the pen over what had become obliterated, of the writing, (S,K,) in order that it might become distinct. (S.) And بندر التُّوْبَ He renewed the variegated, or figured, work of the garment, or piece of cloth, after it had gone. (S, K.) [J says,] I think it to be an arabicized word. (S.)

جَدْرُ A wall; or a wall of enclosure; syn. جدار * as also جدار (which is the more common]: (S, A, Msb, K:) pl. of the former, جدر, (S, Msb, K,) sometimes used as a pl. of pauc., (Sb, TA,) and جُدْرُ (Ķ;) and of the latter, جَدْرَان. (Ş, Mşb, K.) - The basis, or foundation, of a wall: (K:) and the side of a wall: (Lh, K:) pl., in both these senses, . (TA.) الجَدْرُ is applied to The [mall called the] (A, K) of the Kaubeh; (K;) because in it is a part of the [original] foundations of the house : (TA :) and it is also called . (A.) -+A fence, or dum, raised of branches, to

