of the earth, this year, and have become in such u state as not to eat anything but dry and black herbage, dry ثُماهر [or panic grass]: (ISk, S, TA:) or have not met with, or found, anything but what was bad, by reason of drought, and barrenness, or dryness of the earth, this year. (A.)

4: see 1, in three places. __ أَجْدَبَت السَّنَةُ The year became one of drought, barrenness, or dearth; or drought, and dryness of the earth. (A, *TA.) اجدب القوم The people, or company of men, experienced drought, barrenness, or dearth; or drought, and dryness of the earth. t We alighted as guests at the abode of the sons of such a one, and found not entertainment with them, though they were in the enjoyment of plenty: (A:) [or] نَزَلْنَا فَلَانًا فَلَرْنًا فَأَجْدَبْنَاهُ [or] بَزَلْنَا فَلَرْنًا فَلَانَا وَ as guests at the abode of such a one, and [found that] he did not entertain us. (TA.) [The latter, if correct, is from what next follows.] == اجدب He found the land to be offected with الأرض drought, barrenness, or dearth; or with drought, and dryness of the earth. (S, A, K.)

5. مَا أَتَجَدَّبُ أَنْ أَصْحَبَكَ + I do not deem it disagreeable, or unsuitable, to accompany thee; syn. مَا أَسْتَوْحِمْ (Ķ.)

بَدْبُ Drought, barrenness, or dearth ; contr. of مَصْلٌ, (Ṣ;) i. q. مَصْلٌ, (A, Mşb, Ķ.) i. e. drought, or suspension of rain, and dryness of the earth; (Mşb;) dryness and barrenness of the earth: (Har p. 576:) and *جَدَبُّ is a name, or subst., for الجَدْبُ الجَدْبُ, (Ķ, TA,) meaning as in the saying of the rájiz, cited by Sb,

- لَقَدْ خَشِيتُ أَنْ أَرَى جِدَبًا
- في عَامنًا ذَا بَعْدَ مَا أَخْصَبًا

[Verily I feared to see drought, or barrenness, &c., in this our year, after it had been abundant in herbage]; الجَدْبَا being used for الجَدْبَا; or, accord. to one reading, it is جُدْبَبًا with a doubled - added; the change being made for the sake of the metre. (M, TA. [Respecting , see 4 in art. []. Also A place, أخصبًا, see 4 in art. (S, A, K,) or a country, or region, (Msb,) affected with drought, barrenness, or dearth; or with drought, and dryness of the earth; and so and جَدُوبْ ♦ (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ķ) and جَدِيبْ ♦ جُدبَ K,) the last derived from, (K,) though this verb has not been used, (TA,) and . مَجَادِيبُ (M, A,) of which the pl. is, مُجَدِبٌ جدب أن You say also أَرْض جَدْبٌ (in which جدب is an inf. n. (though app. obsolete as such) and therefore applicable to a fem. subst.] (ISd, TA) and جَدْبَةُ (S, A, Meb, K) and جَدْبَةُ (A, Meb) and * جَدِيبُ (Meb) and * جَدِيبُ (Lh, M, Meb) and * مُجَادِيبُ, of which last the pl. is مُجَدِبَةً (Msb,) A land affected with drought, &c.: (S. M, A, &c. :) and أَرَضُونَ جَدُوبٌ, (Ş, K,) as though to each part were applied the term بَدَبٌ [used as a subst.] from which is formed the pl. بدوب, (TA,) and , (K,) which is here an inf. n.

أَجْدَبُ fem. of] فَلَاةٌ جَدْبَاً * kc. (S, K.) And (M, K) A desert affected with drought, &c.; (K;) in which is neither little nor much, neither فَلَأَنْ جَدِيبُ♥ pasture nor herbage. (M,TA.) And Such a one is environed by a tract affected الجناب with drought, &c. (S. [But this phrase is generally used tropically, as meaning + Such a one is ungenerous or illiberal or inhospitable. See art. عَامُ And جَرْنَةُ جَدْبَةُ جَدْبَةُ (K in art. [.جنّب]) and مَنَةٌ جَدْبَةُ جَدْبَةُ (M, TA) مَدُوبُ also أُجَادِبُ , in two places. 🛥 Also i. q. عَيْبُ [A vice, fault, defect, &c.]; (S, A, K;) a signification which may be either proper or tropical. (Er-Rághib, MF.)

in art. رَجَذَبَات see : أَخَذَ في وَادِي جَدَبَات

جَدْبٌ see : جَدْبَبٌ and جَدَبَ in three places. جَدُبٌ see بَحُوبٌ

in three places. جَدْبٍ see جَدْبِ

Finding fault, dispraising, expressing جادب disapprobation: whence the saying of Dhu-r-Rummeh.

meaning [O thou smooth and even cheek, and gentle speech, and make] whereof he who dispraises it occupies himself vainly, finding no defect in it. (S, TA.) ___ It is also said [as in the K &c.] to signify Lying; and the author of the 'Eyn says that it has no verb belonging to it [in this sense]; but this is a mistranscription for جادب : AZ says that جادب, with ج, has the signification here first given. (M, TA.)

جِنْدَبٌ and جُنْدَبٌ (Ş, K, &c.) and جُنْدَبٌ like دِرْهَمْ, (Sb, M, K,) the last of which is of weakest authority, because of a rare measure, whereof it has been said that there are only four examples: (TA:) in all of them the ن is said by some to be radical; but others, with more reason, hold it to be augmentative : (MF:) Sb says that it is augmentative: (S:) A species of locust, (S,K,) well known: (K:) or the male locust: or small locust: or, accord. to Seer, i. q. [a kind of cricket], that creaks by night, and hops and flies : [but see صدی] or, accord. to the M, it is smaller than the one, and is found in the deserts : pl. جَنَادِبُ. (TA.) صرّ (TA.) مَسَرٌ الجُنْدَبُ [i. e. صَرَّ الجُنْدَبُ [i. s a saying of the Arabs, used as a proverb; alluding to a difficult affair by which a person is troubled in mind; originating from the fact that the جندب, when its feet are scorched by the heated ground, does not keep them steadily upon it, and a creaking sound is consequently heard, produced by its legs. (TA.) أَمْرُ جُنْدَبِ The sand; because the locust [or جندَب] deposits its eggs therein : and the walker therein falls into evil [or encounters difficulty]. (TA.) - [Hence

pl. subst.], (TA,) lands affected with drought, | perfidy, or faithlessness, or treachery : (M, K :) and wrong, or injury : (S, M, K:) and evil conduct, or ill treatment. (Ş.) You say, وَقَعَ فُلَانٌ فِي Such a one fell into misfortune : or أَمَّر جُنْدَبٍ وَقَعُوا فِي أُمِّر جُنْدَبٍ And (TA.) (TA.) They suffered wrong, or injury. (AZ, S, K.) The people, or company وَقَعَ القَوْمُ بِأَمَّ جُنْدَب And of men, committed wrong, or injury, and slew him who was not a slayer : (TA :) [as though they came with violence upon sand in which eggs of the جندب were deposited, and so destroyed the eggs, which had occasioned them no harm.] And رَحِبَ أُمَّرَ جُنُدُب He committed wrong, or injury. (TA.)

> i. q. جَدِيبُ as syn. with جَدْبُ : fem. جَدْبَاءُ [Hence : فَلَاةً جَدْبَاءُ [Hence : فَلَاةً جَدْبَاءً also,] سَنَةً جَدْبَاءً A year of much snow. (L in art. سَنَةً جَدْبَاءً is [also] said in the M to be [used as] a subst. applied to what is termed i. e. as syn. with the latter word used as an epithet in which the quality of a subst. is predominant; app. meaning A place, or the like, affected with drought, &c.]. (TA.) _ [Also, as a comparative and superlative epithet, meaning More, and most, affected with drought, &c.; contr. of .]

> وَڪَانَتْ فِيهِ in a trad., where it is said, أُجَادِبُ روكانت فَيَهَا or أَجَادِبُ أُمْسَكَت الهَاءَ (Ķ,* TA,) or وكانت فَيهَا (TA,) (And there were in it أجاد that retained the water], is said to be pl. of أُجُدُبُ which is pl. of مَدْبُ بَحُدْبُ (K, TA,) like as أَكَالُبُ is pl. of أُكَالُبُ, which is pl. of أُكُلُبُ (TA;) and signifies hard parts of the ground, that retain water, and do not imbibe it quickly; or, as some say, land having no plants or herbage, from جَدْبُ meaning "drought" &c. : the word is thus written in the two Saheehs, of El-Bukháree and Muslim: (IAth, TA:) but some say مَحَاسِنُ that it is an anomalous pl. of جَدْبُ like as is of مُسْنَى: and there are other readings; namely, and أُجَارِدُ and أُحَازِبُ and أُحَادِبُ and أُجَادِبُ (MF, TA.) إِخَازَةً pl. of إِخَاذَاتٌ and إِخَاذَاتٌ, pl. of

بَخْبٌ and its fem., with ة : see رَمَجْدَبٌ

Land scarely ever, or never, abundant in herbage, or in the goods, conveniences, or comforts, of life ; scarcely ever, or never, fruitful, or plentiful. (K.)

م د د . جذب see : مُجدُوب

8. اجتدث He made, or prepared, a i. e., a grave, or sepulchre; or did so for himself. (Ş, Ķ, TA.)

جَدَتْ A grave; a sepulchre; pl. جَدَتْ (Ş, Msb, K) and أَجْدُتْ; (S, K;) of which latter, J cites an ex., but in this instance it is the proper name of a place. (TA.) It is of the dial. of Tihámeh: the people of Nejd say جَدَفٌ: (Msb:) or [as some say] the in the latter is a substitute used as an epithet [and therefore applicable to a | it signifies also] Misfortune : (S, M, K :) and for the in the former; for اجداث is used as a



حدث – حدب

جدث