proudly or haughtily or insolently, and does not hold any one to have any claim upon him, or to deserve anything of him: (K :) one who slays when in anger: (S, A:) one nho slays unjustly: (K : imperious, or domineering, by absolute force and pover; overbearing; tyrannical; a tyrant: (TA:) any one who exalts himself, or is insolent and audacious, in pride and in acts of rebellion or disobedience; who is bold, or audacious, and immoderate, inordinate, or exorbitant; or excessively, immoderately, or inordinately, proud, or corrupt, or unbelieving, or disobedient, or rebellious; or who exalts himself and is inordinate in infidelity; or who is extravagant in acts of disobedience and in nrongdoing; or who is refractory, or averse from obedience; (K,* TA;) as also ${ }^{\text {® }}$ : who magnifies himself much, or behaves very proudly or haughtily or insolently: (\$:) and the former, one who proudly, haughtily, or insolently, disdains the service of God: (Lh, TA:) fem. with $\overline{0}:$ pl. masc. بَبَّارُونَ
 of his magnifying Himself [above every other being], (K,) and his highness : (TA:) meaning the Compeller of his creatures to do whatsoever He willeth: (Bd and Jel in lix. 23:) or the Compeller of his creatures to obey the commands and prohibitions which He pleaseth to impose upon them: (Mşb, TA:) accord. to Fr, from and the only instance known to him of an epithet of the measure نَعَّ نَّ from a verb of the measure

 (Mṣb:) it is also explained as meaning the $S u$ preme; the High above his creatures: (Az, TA:) or the Unattainable; and hence applied to the palm-tree [of which the branches cannot be reached by the hand]: (IAmb,TA:) or it may signify $\ddagger$ the Restorer of the poor to mealth or competence or sufficiency. (Az, TA.) [God is also called] بَبَّارُ القُلُوبِ عَلَى فِطَرْاتِهَ + The Establisher of hearts according to their natural constitutions which $H e$ hath given them in the mothers' wombs, disposing them to know Him and to confess Him, both the unfortunate of them and the fortunate. (TA from a trad. of 'Alee.) Also $\ddagger$ A name of ألبُوْ [the constellation Orion] ; (A,K ;) because it is [represented] in the form of a crowned king upon a throne. (A.) إِرَّعُ الـَبَّارِـ + The cubit of the king: (A, TA:) or the long cubit: or, as K!t thinks, by促 fore arm was of full length. (TA.)- قَنْبُ جَبَارُ $\ddagger A$ heart that receives not admonition: (A:) or that admits not compassion. (K.) - بَبَارْ, (Seer, $\mathbf{K}$,) without $\mathbf{0}$, (Seer, TA,) applied to a palm-tree (نَـْنْ), signifies $\ddagger$ Tall and young; (Seer, K,
 trees collectively (نَنْنْ), and signifies tall, and above the reach of the hand; ( $\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{S} ;$ ) and the epithet applied to a single palm-tree is with $\delta$; ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{A}$;) in this sense; meaning less than ستُوتُ: (A:) or, with $\delta$, it signifies a young palm-tree, that has attained its utmost height and has borne fruit: (M:) or that has been ascended [for the
purpose of cutting off its fruit], and retains its excellence, surpassing therein other palm-trees. (AHn, TA.) —Also, hence, as Az thinks, (TA,) $\ddagger$ Huge, tall, and strong; a giant. (T, A, K.) _ And, with $\overline{0},(\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{~A}$, ) and also without $\overline{0},(\mathrm{~A})$, applied to a she-camel, $\ddagger$ Great (S, A) and fat. (S.)

-بَبِّةِّ


, (S, (S, A, K, (S, ) names of $\ddagger$ Bread; (S, A, K; ) and is a surname thereof; ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$;) and so أمر بَايرٍ: which last also signifies the ear of corn: ( T in art. ا:) and i.q. الهُرِيسَةُ [grain, or wheat, bruised, or brayed, and then cooked]. (Har p. 227.) - فُلْرَ i. q. ${ }^{\dagger}{ }^{*}$ " $\ddagger$ [Such a one exerts himself much, or exceedingly, or to the utmost, in paying frequent attention to me, taking care of me, or putting my affairs into a right, or proper, state]. (A.) See also 1.

## 

[an inf. n. of 1] : see 8.

One who sets bones, or reduces them from a fractured state; a bone-setter. (S, A, K.)

O woman possessed by a jinnce, or genie; syn. ${ }^{2}$; مَبْنُونَ ; but this is held to be of weak authority. (Mgh.)
The lion. (K.)
. بَابِر

## جبرئيل

بِبر and its vars. : see art.
 nith which one builds. (Kr, TÁ.*)

بَبَّاسَةٍ The place of gypsum is found, or prepared; ] as also [i. e. $\downarrow$, مُar, or, more probably, it is a mistranscription, for or like (originally (TA.)

## جبل

 (K,) inf. n. بَبْ, (KI,) He (God) created him. (Ş, Mṣb, K, KL.) So in the phrase, بَبَلْ عَلُ
 created him with an adaptation, or a disposition, to such a thing, or to the thing; adapted him, or disposed him, by nature thereto. (Mg̣b.) It is
said in a trad., بُمْلَ
 a disposition to the love of him who does good to them, and the hatred of him who does evil to them]. (TA.) - Also, (K,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) i.q. بَبرة [evidently as meaning He compelled lim, against his will, عُ thing; for he who is created with a disposition to do a thing is as though he were compelled to do
 $=$ بَبِلَ +He (a man) became like a mountain (جَبَل) in bigness, thickness, coarseness, or roughness. (TA.) - بِبِلَ (K, TA; in the CK, جَبَّ ; and in a MS. copy of the K, without any vowels;) †Their iron was, or became, blunt, such as nould not penetrate. (K,*TA.)
3. $\boldsymbol{H e}$ (a man) alighted, or descended and abode, or sojourned, or settled, in a mountain. (AA, TA.)
4. الجبل He came, or went, or betook himself, to the mountain. (ISk, S., K.) $\ddagger H_{e}$ (a digger) reached a hard place, (S, K, ) or stone, ( $\mathbf{M g h}$,) in his digging. (TA. [الـُعِر), meaning "the digger," Golius seems to have misunderstood as meaning "the hoof" of a horse.]) - [Hence,] $\ddagger H_{e}$ (a poet) experienced difficulty in diction, (K, TA,) so that he said nothing original, nor anything in the way of repetition. (TA.) -
 he nanted, and failed of attaining it. (TA.) And سَألْنَاُمْ فَاْْبُلُوا $\ddagger$ We asked them, and they refused, and did not give. (Ibn-'Abbád, Z, TA.) —And أبْبَلُوا 1 Their iron became blunt, so that
 found him to be a بْبَل, i. e. a niggard: (K, TA:) it is considered as implying fixedness. (TA.) _ See also 1.
5. تجبِّلوا They entered a mountain: (K :)
 meaning, the people, or company of men, entered the mountains. (TA.)

بَ + Big, thick, coarse, or rough; (TA;) as also any kind: (K :) or this latter is applied to an arrow, signifying $\dagger$ coarsely, roughly, or rudely,

 (TA,) $\ddagger A$ man having a big, thich, coarse, or rough, head, and face; (TA;) having little sneetness. (K, TA.) [See also † + , A big, thich, coarse, or rough,
 (K [in one place in the CK بَبْبَلْنَ only بَبْلَ accord. to the TA,]) and $\dagger$ (S, K) $\ddagger$ A noman big, thich, coarse, or rough, (S, K, TA, in mahe; (S.) large in make. (TA.) And make. (Ham p. 821.) And نَبَ $\ddagger$ بَ $\ddagger$ she-camel having an increasing hump. (TA.)
 thin. (TA.) = Also (K, TA, [in the CK, (K.)

