توق

تَوْقُلْ , (TA,) inf. n. يُتُوقُ , (K,) aor. يَتُوقُ and تُؤُوقُ and تَيَاقَةُ and تَوُقَانُ and تَوُقَانُ He yearned towards, longed for, or desired, him or it; (K, TA;) his soul yearned towards, longed for, or تَاقَتْ نَفْسِي إِلَى desired, him or it. (TA.) And تَاقَتْ نَفْسِي إِلَى الشَّىٰ: (JK, S, Mgh, Msb, but in the latter two) الشَّىٰ: الشَّىٰ: أَوْقُ inf. n. تَوْقُ (JK, S, Msb) and (رَفُسُهُ Msb) and تُوَقَانُ, (S, Mgh, Msb,) My soul yearned towards, longed for, or desired, the thing; (JK, S, Mgh, Msb;) and hastened to it: (Msb:) and also sig- تَاقَ إِلَى الشَّيْءِ ـــ (TA.) .تاقت الشَّيْءَ nifies \$ He desired, or purposed, to do the thing: and he was brish, or prompt, to do it: (JK, K, TA:) so in the Moheet. (TA.) You say, تاق الغَي الغَايَة He hastened, with briskness, or promptness, to the goal. (TA.) And تُقُ إِلَى يَا فُلَانُ تَاقَ ـــ (TA.) الله Hasten thou to me, O such a one. The gaming-arrow came forth on the occasion of the shuffling in the game of المَيْسر: (JK,• لَّاقَت ــــ (TA.) so says Ibn-'Abbad. (TA.) ــــ تَاقَت The tears issued from their channels. (JK, K, TA.) تَوَقَانُ , inf. n. تَوَقَانُ (JK, جَادَ , (K, TA,) or تَوَقَّ , (CK,) i. q. جَادَ He gave up his spirit : or he was near to بنفسه die]: (JK, K:) said of a man: (JK:) AA says signifies the being in the very agony of is also syn. with تَاقَ ___ (TA.) السَّوْقُ is also syn. with أَشْفَقَ, (JK, K,) accord. to Ibn-'Abbad. (TA.) You say, تَاقَ منْهُ, meaning He was cautious, or in fear, of him or it. (TK.)

5. تَوْق إِلَى الشَّىِّ He was, or became, excited by a yearning towards, a longing for, or a desire for, the thing; or he affected and showed a yearning towards it, a longing for it, or a desire for it; syn. تَشُوَّقُ. (TA.)

Persons convalescent; or in a state of recovery from disease, but not yet completely restored to health and strength: (IAar, Ķ:) app. pl. of الناقة (TA.)

المَوْءُ تَوَّاقُ إِلَى مَا لَمْ يَنَلُ

[Man is desirous, or very desirous, of that which he has not attained]. (\$, TA.) — One whose soul yearns towards, longs for, or desires, every low, or base, action. (TA.)

تَوَّاقٌ , fem. with ; see تَوَّاقٌ, in two places; and

مَيْقَاتٌ, originally تَيْوَقَانٌ, A man who leaps, تَيُوقَانٌ, A bounds, vehemently. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.)

Yearned towards, longed for, desired, or desired eagerly. (IAar, K.)

تولب

. تلب .see art : تُوْلَبُ

نومر

below, in two places. تُومَةُ

. تأمر .in art , تَوْءَمُر see : تَوَمُّر

[تُؤَمَّر ,in the CK, erroneously تُومَّرُ sing. of تُومَةً and [n. un.] of تُومْ (M, K;) One of the things called تُرط; (Ṣ, Mṣb;) i.e. a قُرط [as meaning a silver bead fashioned like a pearl]: (Lth, T:) or as meaning an earring] in which is a large [or bead]: (M, K:) or a thing, (T,) or Li. e. bead], (S, Msb,) made of silver, (T, S, Msb,) like a pearl, (T, S,) or like a large pearl, (S,) of a round form, which a girl puts in her ear. (T.) __ And hence, as being likened to this, (T,) +A large pearl: (AA, T:) or a pearl. (M, K.) And أُمْ تُومَة The pearl-shell : (K, TA :) a proper name, and therefore imperfectly decl. (TA.) — And An ostrich's egg: (M, K, TA:) pl. as above: (M:) ostriches' eggs are called (A'Obeyd, T, S) as being likened to pearls, which are thus called: (T:) they are so called by Dhu-r-Rummeh, where he says,

وَحَتَّى أَتَى يَوْمٌ يَكَادُ مِنَ اللَّظَى
بِهِ التُّومُ فِي أُفْحُومِهِ يَتَصَيَّحُ

[And until there came a day in which, by reason of the flaming heat, the ostriches' eggs, in the place where they were deposited in the sand, almost dried up.] (A'Obeyd, S, M.) التُّومَتَانِ is an appellation applied to two kaseedehs of Jereer, in praise of 'Abd-El-'Azeez Ibn-Marwán. (T.)

or necklace] put upon his قَلَادَة Having a مُتَوَّمَّ (or necklace] put upon his neck; syn. مُقَلَّدُ. (K. [In the CK, erroneously, مُقَلَّد.])

توه

, تُوهُ Mab, K) and تُوهُ , inf. n. تُوهُ (Mab, K) and (AZ, K,) is syn. with تَاهُ having for its aor. يَتِهِهُ (Msb, and TA in the present art. and in art. 3;) [and with مَااح , aor. يَطُوحُ and يَطُونُ ;] signifying He deviated from, or lost, or missed, the right way; he lost his way; (Msb, TA;) in the desert: (Msb:) or he was, or became, confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course: (TA in the present art.:) or he went away (K, TA) in the land, confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course: (TA in art. تيه:) or, as some say, (TA,) his mind, or intellect, was or became, disordered, confused, or unsound: (K TA:) and he perished: (K, TA:) accord to ISd, is shown to be originally و by their saying, مَا أَتَّبَهُ as syn. with مَا أَتُّهُمُهُ, (TA.) AZ says, A man of the Benoo-Kiláb said to me, with damm, meaning [Thou hast أَلْقَيْتَنِي فِي التَّوهِ thrown me into] destruction. (TA.) _ Also, [like تَاهُ aor. يَتِيهُ, q. v.,] He magnified himself; or behaved proudly, haughtily, or insolently. (K.)

2. تومه (Msb, K,) inf. n. تُويه , (TA,) i. q. property. (T.) عد See also art. تومه

أَنْيَهُ and مُوْحَهُ ,] i. e. He made him to deviate from, or lose, or miss, the right way; made him to lose his way: (Msb:) [or he made him to be, or become, confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course: &c.: see 1; and see مُنْيَهُ, in art. قَالَتُهُ or he destroyed him. (Ķ.)

4. أَوْهَهُ أَوْهَهُ أَوْهُهُ أَوْهُ أَلَا أَوْهُ أَا أَوْهُ أَلَاهُ أَوْهُ أَوْهُ أَوْهُ أَوْهُ أَوْهُ أَوْهُ أَوْهُ أَلْمُ أَلُوهُ أَوْهُ أَوْهُ أَلُوهُ أَوْهُ أَلُوهُ أَوْهُ أَلُوهُ أَوْهُ أَلُوهُ أَوْهُ أَوْهُ أَلُوهُ أَلْمُ أَلْمُ أَلُوهُ أَلْمُ أَلْهُ أَلْمُ أَلْمُ أَلْمُ أَلْمُ أَلُوهُ أَلُوهُ أَلُوهُ أَلُوهُ أَلْمُ أَلُوهُ أَلُوهُ أَلُوهُ أَلُوهُ أَلُوهُ أَلُوهُ أَلَا أُلُو

10. استناهه [He, or it, invited him to deviate from, or lose, or miss, the right way; to lose his way]; from تُتُوهُ, aor. [يُتِيهُ and] مُتَلِهُ, signifying ضَلَّ

desert, in which one loses his way; or in which one is confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course: or in which one perishes]: in the K, فَلَافُ is erroneously put for فَلَانُ ; (TA;) [and in the CK, قُونُ for تُونُ ; which last, in the CK, is made a pl.:] the pl. is أَتُونُ and نَاتُونُ دُلُونُ : (K, TA:) the latter is a pl. of the former pl. (TA.)

part. n. of 1; Deviating from, or losing, or missing, the right way; losing his way: &c.: see 1; and see also art. 43. (TA.)

men [in deviating from, or losing, or missing, the right way; in losing his way: or] in confusion, or perplexity, and inability to see his right course: as also اثنيه الناس: but the former is more common. (TA.) __ [It may also mean He is the proudest, or vainest, of men.]

يَا مُتَوَّهُ [O misled! O misguided! or O thou who art made to deviate from, or lose, or miss, the right way!] is said in reviling: and one says also, مَا بَالُ ذَاكَ الْهُتَوَّهُ يَنْعَلُ كَذَا [What is the case of that misled, or misguided, man, that he does thus?] (TA.)

توی

1. تُويَ (T, Ṣ, M, Mgh, Ķ,) in the dial. of Teiyi رَوْيَ (AAF, M,) aor. -, (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. رَوْيَ (T, Ṣ, M, Mgh, Ķ,) It perished; came to an end; (Ṣ, Mgh, Ķ;) it passed away (T, M, Mgh) unhoped for: (T, M:) said of property. (T, Ṣ, M, Mgh.) Hence the saying, in a trad., (T, Ṣ, M, Mgh.) Hence the saying, in a trad., perishing of the property of a man that is a Muslim]: applied to the case of a man to whom is transferred the responsibility for a debt, and who dies insolvent; meaning that the responsibility shall return to him who transferred it. (Mgh.)

He (God, M, K, or another, S) destroyed it, made an end of it, or caused it to perish or come to an end; (S, K;) he made it away; (T, M;) namely, property, (S, M,) or his property. (T.) see also art.

Digitized by GOGIC 41