in the verse here cited means thus contending; syn. تُفَاخر: (Ḥam p. 31:) and accord. to IAar, also signifies he contended with him in contradiction. (T, TA.)

4. ابلاه inf. n. إبلاء : see 1, in two places. __ , بَلَاَّءُ حَسَنًا (T,) or ابلاهُ ٱلله إِبْلاَءً حَسَنًا (S,) God did to him a good deed. (T.) [And hence,] it is said in the Kur [viii. 17], وليبلى (TA) And that He might المُؤْمنينَ منْهُ بَارْءً حَسَنَا confer upon the believers a great benefit, or favour, or blessing: (Bd:) or a good gift; meaning spoil. (Jel.) And أَبْلَيْتُهُ مَعْرُوفًا [I conferred upon him a favour, or benefit]. (S.) Zuheyr says,

جَزَى ٱللهُ بالإحْسَانِ مَا فَعَلَا بِكُمْ وَأَبُّلَاهُمَا خَيْرَ البَلَاِّ الَّذِي يَبْلُو

(T, • Ş,) meaning, الذي يَبْلُو به عَبَادَهُ (T,) or أندى يَخْتَبُرُ به عَبَادُهُ (Ṣ́,) i. e. [May God recompense with beneficence what they two have done to you,] and do to them two the best of the deeds wherewith He tries [the thankfulness of] his servants. (T.) ابلاه also signifies He made him to swear; [as though he tried his veracity by so doing;] (M, K;) or so ابلاهُ يَمِينًا. (TA.) [See also 8.] _ And He swore to him: (M, K:) or this, (TA,) or ابلاهٔ يَمِينًا, [as above,] (T, Ṣ,) he swore [or swore an oath] to him, and thereby soothed, or placated, his mind. (T, S, TA.) ___ And hence, (TA,) He informed him, acquainted him, or told him. (IAar, M, K, TA.) - [And hence, He manifested it; revealed it; made it munifest, apparent, evident, clear, or plain; whence a phrase in a verse cited voce ; and the phrase] مَا لَهُر يُبُلِ العُذُر, i. e. As long as he does not manifest, show, or make apparent, the excuse: but the verb [in this sense] is originally doubly trans.: one says, أَبْلَيْتُ فُلَانًا عُذْرًا , meaning I manifested to such a one an excuse so that I was not to be blamed after it; properly signifying I made such a one to be acquainted with my excuse, and to know the manner thereof; (Mgh;) and thus it is explained in the A: (TA: [in like manner, also, it is explained in the T:]) [or] signifies He gave him an excuse which he accepted: (M, K:) and in like manner, ابلاه He gave him his endeavour, or energy, in an acceptable manner]; and نَائلُهُ [his gifi]. (M.) Hence, ابلى عُذْرَهُ signifies also He strove, laboured, or exerted himself, [and thus manifested his excuse,] in mork. (Mgh.) And hence, ابلى في الحَرْب He manifested, or showed, his might, valour, or provess, in war, or fight, [and he strove, laboured, or exerted himself, therein, (عذره being understood,)] so that men proved him and knew him. (Mgh.) See also 3, where another explanation of is given, in the latter portion of the paragraph. = ابلى الثُّوبُ [He wore out the garment;] trans. of بَلَّتْهُ (T, Ṣ, M, Ķ;) as also بُلِّيُّهُ; (M, K;) belonging to the present art. and to art. بلى. (M.) One says to the مُجِدّ [i. e. him who makes, or puts on, a new garment], أَبْل وَيَخْلُفُ ٱللهُ [Wear out thy garment, and God will replace it | [She seeks for her father among the travelling-

with another; or, may God replace &c.]. (S.) Wear out, and أَبْلِ وَأَجِدٌ وَٱحْمَدِ الكَاسِي And make new, [or put on new,] and praise the Clother [meaning God]. (S in art. عبد.) ــ Journeying, or travel, wore بُلَّاهُ ۖ السَّفَرُ [Hence,] him, or wasted him]; namely, a man; (M, K; which I think بَكُون اللهِ but in the copies of the latter, an evident mistranscription];) as also بلَّى اللهِ عَلَيْهِ and البُوّ (M:) and so البُوّ (anxiety], (M, K,) and the like, (M,) and التَّجَارِبُ [tryings, or trying events]: (K:) and اَلسَّفُرُ (T, S) or ابلاها السَّفُرُ (thus in a copy of the S) [journeying, or travel, wore her, or wasted her]; namely, a she-camel. (T, S.) El-'Ajjáj says,

وَالْهُونُ يُبْلِيهِ بَلْآءَ السَّرْبَالُ حُرُّ اللَّيَالِي وَآخُتلَافُ الأَّحُوالُ

[And man, the returning of the nights time after time, and the alternation of states of being, wear him out as the wearing out of the shirt]: (S, M:*) he means, إِبْلَاَّةَ السَّرْبَالِ or إِبْلَاَّةَ السَّرْبَالِ (M.) And Ibn-Ahmar says,

he means I lived the period that my father lived [so that I had long enjoyment of his life, and I outwore my paternal uncles, and I outwore my maternal uncle]: or, as some say, I lived with my father for the length of his life &c. (M, TA.* زِتُهَلَّيْتُ is put in the place of تَبَلَّيْتُ In the latter, ♥تُهَلَّيْتُ and hence it is there said that يَلَّوهُ is like بَلَّاهُ: but I think that تبلّيت is a mistranscription.]) _ also signify I bound the fore- أَبْلَيْتُ and أَبْلَيْتُ shank of a she-camel to her arm at the grave of her [dead] master, and left her without food or water until she died; or I dug for her a pit, and left her in it until she died. (S, TA. [See بُليّة, ([.مُبَلَّى and

5: see 4, near the end of the paragraph.

تبالى القُوْمُر = .1 see : [تَبَالَى inf. n. of التَّبَالِي .6 The people, or company of men, vied, or strove, one with another, in hastening to a little water, and drew from it. (Msb.)

8. ابتلاهُ: see 1, in three places. [Hence, ابتلاهُ (vulg. ابْتَلَى) He was tried, proved, or tested, by, or with, such a thing; generally meaning he was afflicted thereby, or therewith; as, for instance, by, or with, a disease.] _ Also He asked, or sought, or desired, of him information, or news, or tidings. (M, K.) And ابتلى signifies also He conjured, or adjured, and asked if any had knowlexplained by استُعْرَفَ and استُحْلَفَ [explained by what here follows]. (M, K, TA. [In the CK, both the verb and the explanation are here wrong: the former is written ز أَبْلِيَ and the latter, (.اسْتُحْلفَ واسْتُعْرفَ .]) A poet says,

تَبُغَّى أَبَاهَا فِي الرِّفَاقِ وَتَبُتَّلِي وَأُوْدَى بِهِ فِي لُجَّةِ البَحْرِ تِمْسَحُ

companions, and conjures, or adjures, and asks if any have knowledge, when a crocodile has destroyed him in the depth of the great river: is for تَبَغَّى: he means that she says to them, "I conjure you, or adjure you, by God, (نَاشَدْتُكُمُ ٱللَّهُ) [tell me,] do ye know any tidings of my father?" (M, TA.) But Aboo-Sa'eed says that تبتلي here means tries, proves, or tests; and that الابتلاز signifies the trying, proving, or testing, whether by an oath or otherwise. (TA.) __[Also He desired it; he sought it.] It is said in a trad., i. e. [The vow that a النَّذْرُ مَا ٱلنُّلْكِي بِهِ وَجُّهُ ٱللَّهِ man makes to be binding, or obligatory, on himself is that whereby the recompense of God] is desired, or sought. (TA.) _ And He chose him, made choice of him, or elected him. (Sh and T, from a trad.)

12. اَبُلُولَى It (herbage) became tall, so that the camels were able to avail themselves of it. (K.)

(Ş,) بلُوَ سَفَرِ (T, Ş, M, A,) with kesr to the بِلُوَ سَفَر and بلَّتَي سَفَر, (Ṣ, A,) Worn, or wasted, by journeying, or travel; applied to a she-camel, (T, S, M, A,) and in like manner to a man, and to a he-camel: (M:) and بِنْنُ أَسْفَارٍ (M, K) and بِنُوُ in both, (TA,) with kesr to the ب in both, (TA, [in the CK written with fet-h,]) a man worn, or wasted, by journeyings, or travels, and anxiety, $(\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{K}, *)$ and the like, $(\mathbf{M},)$ and tryings, or trying events: (K:) pl. أَبُلاً: (Ş, M.) And بِلُو شُرِّ and بِلْيُ شَرِّ both written in the CK with fet-h to the .] A man having strength, or power, to endure evil; tried, proved, or tested, thereby: بِلَىٰ خَيْرِ and بِلُوَ خَيْرِ ,M,K:) and in like manner) [tried, &c., by good, or prosperity]. (TA.) And both written in إِنَّهُ لَيِلُو ۚ مِنْ أَبُّلاَّ ِ الْهَالِ the CK with fet-h to the - as before] Verily he is one of those who manage, or tend, camels, or in بِنْی in بِنْی in بِنْی in بِنْی in بِنْی all these instances, is originally , changed into s because of the kesreh, and the weakness of the intervening letter, ال ; as is the case in علية: so says IJ. (M.)

.بلى .see art بَلَى see what next follows. ر : بَلْوَى

(T, S, M, Msb, بَلُوَى ♦ T, S, M, Msb, بَلُوَى , (Ş, M, Mşb, K) and ♦ بُلَيَّةٌ ♦ Ş, M, Mşb, K) بُلَيَّةٌ K,) with kesr, (S, K,) and بلْيَة , (so in a copy of the S, beside the third,) thus in the handwriting of Aboo-Zekereeyà, in the place of the third, (TA,) substs. (T, M, Msb, K) from بَارِهُ ٱلله, (T, Msb,) or from البَّلَاهُ الله, [which is the same in meaning,] (M,) or from بَلُوْتُهُ, (K,) are one [in their signification; which is A trial, as meaning a probation, or a test; and as meaning particularly a trouble or an affliction of any kind by which one's patience or any other grace or virtue is tried, proved, or tested]; (S;) and the pl (S, فَعَائلُ of the measure ,بَلَايَا ai (TA) بَليَّةٌ ♥ TA)