which are tno colours. (TA.) - See also برقْة), in seven places. - أبرْقُ also signifies A certain bird. (Tekmileh, K.) _ And [the pl.] is used as a name for The [locusts, or crickets, termed] بَبَارِب. (IB, TA.) $=$ Also $A$ certain Persian medicine, good for the memory. (S.gh, K.)
 (S, Mṣ, K,) originally أَبْ رِيز; (CK ; [in a MS. copy of the $\mathbf{K}$ and in the TA, incorrectly, آب [ $A$ ewer, such as is used for nine, and also such as is used for water to be poured on the hands; each having a long and slender spout, and a handle;] a well-known vessel; (TA;) a ressel having a spout (Mgh, and Bḍ and Jel in Ivi. 18) and a handle : ( B d and Jel ibid:) accord. to Kr , $a$; كُوز ; and so says AḤn in one place; but in another he says that it is like a كوز: (T'A :) [it is somenhat like $a$ wوز with the addition of a spout:] pl. أَبَارِيقُ (S, Msb) [and sometimes ; بَرَّاق (K ;) i. e. (TA) a snord that shines, gleams, or glistens, much, or intensely: (S, Kr :) or simply a sword: or, as some say, a bow: (JK:) or it signifies also a bow in which are تَلَ differing in colour from the rest, and, app., glistening]: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) thus, accord. to $A z$, in a verse of 'Amr Ibn-Aḅmar: but correctly, accord. to S.gh, it has there the first of the significations explained in this sentence: and it is said, also, that سَبْ: إبْرِيقً signifies a sword having much lustre, and much diversified with wavy marks or strealks, or in its grain. (TA.) - A woman who is beautiful, and splendid, or brilliant, (Lh, JК, K, TA,) in colour [or complexion] : (Lh, TA:) or, as some say, who shows her beauty intentionally. (TA.) [See also


إسْتُبْرْقْ conjunctive I, (TA,) Thich دِيبَاج [or silk brocade]: (Eḍ-Daḅhak, Ṣ, K, and so Bḍ and Jel in xviii. 30, \&c.:) or ديباع made [or intervoven] with gold: (K :) or closely-woven, thick, beautiful ديباج made [or intervoven] with gold: (TA:) or closelywoven cloths, or garments, of silh, like ديباع: (IDrd, $\mathrm{K}:$ ) or thick silk: (IAth, TA:) or a red
 though it were [composed of] pieces of bon-strings, or chords: (Ibn-'Abbád, $\mathbb{K}:$ ) it is an arabicized word, (IDrd, S, K,) from إستْروْ ${ }^{\circ}$, (IDrd, K, which is Syriac; (IDrd, TA;) or from the Persian, (S, TA,) in which إِسْتَبْر and aignify
 particularly applied to signify "thick ويباع"," and then the latter is arabicized by substituting 0 for the o: so says Esh-Shiháb El-Khafajee: or the I and $س$ and $ت$ are augmentative, and it is mentioned in the present art. in the $\mathbf{S}$ and $\mathbf{K}$ as though this were the case, agreeably with the form of its dim., which is said by $J$ and in the $K$
 reduced to its root. (TA.)

[A shining, gleaming, or glistening : or a time thereof]. You say, بَبَاءَ عِنْد مَبْرَّ الصُّبْت [He came at the shining, \&c., or at the time of the shining, \&c., of the dawn; or] when the dawn shone, or gleamed, or glistened. (K, TA. [In the latter, مبرق is said to be here a meemee inf. n.])
.يَرُوقٌ : see : بْرِقْ

## برقش

Q. 1. بَرْقَتَهُ He variegated it with divers, or different, colours; (S, TA ;) from أيُو يَرَاقِشَ, the bird so called: (S:) or he adorned hin, or it. (A.) [See also below.] - Hence, بَرْقَشَ قَوْهُ + He embellished his saying. (Ḥar p. 235.)
Q. 2. تَبَرْقَتْ He adorned himself (A, K ) with various colours. (K.) You say, تَبَرْقَشَ لَنَا He adorned himself with various colours for us: ( $\mathbf{K}:$ ) or with various colours of every hind. (TA.) And تَبْرَقَتْتْ She assumed various colours: or she varied in dispositions: syn. تَكََّنَتْ. (A.) And The house, or chamber, or tent, became variegated. (TA.) And تبرقشت البِلَا $T$ 'The countries became adorned with various colours; from أَوْ تَراقِشَ. (TA.)

A certain bird, (S, K, ) different from that called أُرِّ ترَاقِشَ, (K, accord. to the TA, [for
 having been mentioned before; but in the CK, in the place of 'آَخَر", we find 'أُمْضَرُ, i. e., green;]) of small size, (S,TA, that assumes various colours, of the kind called (TA,) like the sparron, (S, TA,) and called (S, Ḳ) by the people of El-Hijáz: (S, TA:) but Az states his having heard certain of the Arabs of the desert call it ابو .براقش. (TA.)
بَرْقَشَةٍ The diversity of colour of that which is termed أَرْشُشُ (K.) [See also 1.]

A certain bird that assumes various colours; (S ;) a small wild bird, like the قُنْ hedge-hog, but $\begin{gathered}\text { is } \\ \text { is probably a mistranscription }\end{gathered}$ for ${ }^{\text {قُنْهُر, or lark }] \text {, the upper part of whose feathers }}$ is dust-coloured (أُبْرُ, as in the $\underset{Y}{\mathbf{K}}$, accord. to the TA), or white ( and the middle red, and the lorer part black, so that when it is roused, or provoked, it ruffes its feathers and becomes variously changed in colour: (Lth, $\mathrm{K}:$ ) or a certain bird that is found in the trees called عضضاه, and the colour of which is between blackness and nhiteness, having six قَوَادِم [or primary feathers], three on each side, heavy in the rump, that makes a noise with its wings when it flies, and assumes various colours: (I Kh:) a certain variegated bird. (TA in art. ابو.) [Hence,] هُوْ أبوْ بِرَاقشَ +He is varying, or variable, in dispositions. (A, TA.)

الجَارُ البَرآقشىى ${ }^{2}$ The neighbour that is variable
in his actions; like الْبَارُ اليَرْبُوعِيُّ. (IAar, TA in art. جمور.)




 (TA;) i. e. صَارَ مَأْيونًا $\ddagger$ [he became effeminate, or a catamite]. (K, TA.) A poet says,

[Dost thou not see that Keys, Keys-' Eylán, have veiled their beards, and sold their arrons for
 as above, (TA,) $\mid$ He struch such a one with the staff, or stich, betneen his ears, (K, TA,) so that it became like the بَرْقُ upon his head. (TA.)

 self with a بُرْقُع. (Msb.)
بُرتْعْ:
بُرْتَعْ ", (IAar, S, Msb, K, ) but some disallow this latter,
 disallows this, as well as the second, (TA,) $A$ thing pertaining to nomen and to horses or similar beasts, (K,) or to horses or similur beasts and to the women of the Arabs of the desert; ( $\mathbf{S} ;$ ) a thing with nhich a noman veils her face; (Msb;) having in it two holes for the eyes: (Lh:) a small piece of cloth, or rag, pierced for the eyes, worn by horses or similar beasts and by the nomen of the Arabs of the desert: ( $M g h:$ ) [or, accord. to the general fushion of the present time, a long strip of cotton or other cloth, black, blue, or of some other colour, or white, concealing the mhole of the face of the woman wearing it, except the cyes, and reaching nearly to the feet, suspended at the top by a narrow band, or other fastening, rhich passes up the middle of the forehead, and which is served, as are also the two upper corners, to a band which is tied round the head, beneath the head-veil: (see my "Manners and Customs
 correct, is a more particular term: (Mgh:), the
 The curtain of the door of the Kaábeh.] - See

: يرْْقَعُ : see what next follows.
 and " ${ }^{\prime}$
 TA, ) but perhaps this last is a mistranscription, for ${ }^{\prime}$, (TA, ) a name of The heaven, or $s k y$ : ( Fr :) or the seventh heaven: (AAF, $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{K}$ :) or the fourth heaven: ( $\mathrm{Lth}, \mathrm{A}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) or the first heaven; ( $\mathrm{K} ;$ ) i. e. the lowest heaven: IDrd says, so they assert; and in like manner says.

