upon him, or a due or right that he owed me. (Mgh.) ابرأ [in the T (as on the authority of Aboo-'Amr Esh-Sheybánee) [أبركي (He entered upon [the night, or day, called] البرزاء , q. v. (K.)

5: see 1, in three places. The asserted himself to be free from it; or clear, or quit, of it; namely, a fault, or the like. (Mgh.) [And He declared himself to be clear of him; to be not connected, or implicated, with him; he renounced him : see Kur ii. 161 and 162, &c.]

6. تَبَارَأْنَا We separated ourselves, each from the other. (TA.) [See 3.]

10. أستبرأ منَ البَوْل (T,) or استبرأ منَ البَوْل, (Mşb,) He took extraordinary pains, or the utmost pains, in cleansing the orifice of his penis from the remains of urine, by shaking it and pulling it and the like, until he knew that nothing remained in it: (T:) or he purified, or cleansed, himself from urine; syn. تَنَزَّهُ عَنْهُ (Msb:) or استبرأ (M,) or استبرأ الذَّكَرَ (K, TA,) signifies he took extraordinary pains, or the utmost pains, in cleansing the penis from urine; or he cleansed it entirely from urine; (M, *K, *TA;) and so استبرأتِ الفَرْجَ and in like manner, : استبرأ الفَرْجَ said of a woman: (El-Munáwee, TA:) but the lawyers make a distinction between imited and [which are made syn. in the M and K] : اسْتَنْقَاد see the latter word. (TA.)_And استبرأ الجارية, (T,S, Mgh,) or المَوراة, (M, Msb, K,) He abstained from sexual intercourse (T, M, K) with the girl whom he had purchased or whom he had taken captive, (T,) or with the woman, (M, K,) until she had menstruated (T, M, K) at his abode, once, and then become purified : (T:) the meaning is, (T,) he sought to find her free from pregnancy. (T, Mgh, Msb.) - Hence, (Mgh,) الأَمْرَ (TA,) He (Z, Mgh, Msb,) or التشي، (TA,) التشيء searched, searched out, or sought to find or discover, the uttermost of the thing, or affair, (Z, Mgh, Msb, TA,) in order that he might know it, (Mgh,) to put an end to his doubt. (Z, Mgh, Msb, TA.) You say, اسْتَبُرَأْتُ مَا عنْدَكَ [I searched, or sought to find or discover, or I have searched, &c., the uttermost of what thou hast, of knowledge &c.]. استبرأ أَرْضَ كَذَا فَمَا وَجَدَ ضَالَّتُهُ And (Ş, TA.) ([He searched the uttermost of such a land and found not his stray beast]. (TA.) It is said in the Expos. of the Jámi' es-Sagheer that is an expression denoting The seeking, or seeking leisurely and repeatedly, to obtain knowledge of a thing, until one knows it; considering it with the endeavour to obtain a clear knowledge of it; taking, in doing so, the course prescribed by prudence, precaution, or good judgment. (Mgh.)

بَرَاةَ A hunter's lurhing-place or covert : (T, Ṣ, M, Ķ :) pl. بَبُواً. (T, Ṣ, M.) El-Aạshà says,

[At it (a source of water mentioned in the context) were hunters' lurking-places, like young palmtrees covered over: for tender young palm-trees are often covered over with a kind of coarse matting]. (T, S, M.) if, is see نبرا: see نبری: in six places. ... نبری: The first night of the [lunar] month; (El-Mázinee, T, Ş, K;) called thus, (Ṣ,) or نيلة البرآ؛ (M,) because the moon has then become clear of the sun: (Ṣ, M:) or the first day of the month: (AA, T, K:) or the last night thereof: (Aṣ, T, K:) or the last day thereof; (IAạr, T, K;) a fortunate day; every event happening therein being regarded as a means of obtaining a blessing; (IAạr, T;) but most hold that the last day of the month is termed is the first day of the month: (IAạr, T, TA:) pl. is the first day of the month: (IAạr, T, Ch.)

in two places. بَرَى ؛ see بَرَاءً

Free, (Mab,) منه from it; namely a fault, defect, imperfection, blemish, or vice; (Mgh, Msb;) and, also followed by منه, clear, or quit, of it; irresponsible for it; or in a state of immunity with respect to it; i.e. exempt from the demand thereof; namely a debt, (Msb,) or a claim, or due, or right; (Mgh;) as also بَارِينَ الله بارِينَ and أَنَا بَرِيْ؛ مِنْهُ, (Mşb.) You say, أَنَا بَرِيْ؛ مِنْهُ [I am free from it, &c.]; (T, \$ S, M, K; *) and \$,,,, used alike as sing. and dual and pl. (Fr, T, S, M, K) and masc. and fem., (Fr, T, M, K,) because it is originally an inf. n.; (Fr, T, S;) and * براء *: (Ş, M :) the pl. of بَرِي is بَرِي (T, Ş, K) and (T, S, M, K) and بَبَرَأَءُ (T, M, K,) of the mea sure رَخَالٌ, (T,) like رَخَالٌ, (M, K,) of an extr. measure, disapproved by Suh, who says, in the R, that it is a contraction of برأة, and has tenween because it resembles [words originally of the measure] فَعَالٌ, and that the rel. n. formed from it is برَاوِی (TA,) but it is mentioned by AAF as a and Fr men- رُخَالٌ and as being like بَرِيْءُ and Fr mentions برأة as a pl. of the same, imperfectly decl., with one of the two hemzehs suppressed, (M,) and أُبْرِنَاءُ (Ş, K) and أُبْرَاءُ (Ş, K) and أُبْرَاءً (T, S, K,) the last two anomalous: (TA:) the fem. of بَرِيْعَةْ is بَرِيْعَةْ , pl. بَرِيْتَةْ (T, S, M, K) and it, or him]; and أَنَا بَرَآءً * مِنْهُ and أَنَا بَرَآءً * مِنْهُ ; (Ş;) نَحْنُ منْكَ البَرَآءُ * and (: M) : أَنَا البَرَآءُ * منْهُ and and النفارة [We are clear, or quit, of you]; (Fr, T;) i. e., ذوو البراء: so says Aboo-Is-hak; and As says the like of what Fr says. (T.) It is said in the Kur [xliii. 25], إِنَّنِي بَرَآً * مَهًا تَعْبُدُونَ [Verily I am clear of that which ye worship]; (T, M;) or برى: , or برى; accord. to different readers. (Bd.) برى: occurs in several places in the Kur. (M.) Accord. to IAar, it signifies Clear of evil qualities or dispositions; shunning what is vain and false; remote from actions that occasion suspicion; pure in heart from associating any with God : and it signifies sound in body and in two places. (T.) See also بارئ, in two places.

A writing of [i. e. conferring] immunity or exemption: from بَرَقَ مِنَ الدَّيْنِ and العَيْب or exemption: from

which it is the inf. n.: pl. بَرَاآتٌ, with medd: is [pl. of بَرَاةُ and both of these are] vulgar. (Mgh.)

البَرِيَّة The creation; as meaning the beings, or things, that are created; or, particularly, manhind; syn. الخَلْق: (T, Ş, M:) pronounced without :; (T, Ş;) originally with ., like نَبِي and i, j; (M;) and the people of Mekkeh differ from the other Arabs in pronouncing these three words with .: (Yoo, T, M:) Lh says that the Arabs agree in omitting the . in these three instances; and he does not except the people of Mekkeh: (M:) it is of the measure in the sense of مَفْعُولَة (Mşb,) from نَعْيالَة النَّفُلْنَ النَّفُولَة البَرَى (Mşb,) from : خَلَقَهُمْ (Mşb,) from البَرَى (Fr, T:) or, if derived from the rearth" or "dust"], it is originally without :: (Fr, T, Ş:) pl. بَرِيَّاتُ and :, بريَاتُ (Ş in art. بري).

(, (Lḥ, Ṣ, M,) بَارِيْ مِنْ مَرَضِهِ or (, بَارِيْ [Recovering from his disease, sickness, or malady : or] convalescent; or becoming sound, or healthy. at the close of his disease, but being yet weak; or recovering, but not completely, his health and strength : [see l :] (M, K :) as also * بَرِيْ (Lh, M, K:) but whether the latter be properly used in this sense is disputed; while the former is said to be the act. part. n. of 1 in all its senses : (TA :) pl. أَصَحِيتُ is pl. of صِحَاتْ she as مُصَحِيتُ , بَرَأَةُ accord. to Lh, so that he holds it to be pl. of is جِيَّاعٌ or it may be pl. of بَارِئْ or it may be pl. of ; بَرِيْءُ بَرِيْءَ * (M.) .صَاحِبْ of صِحَابٌ and بَعِيْنَة * is sometimes written and pronounced آبری [in all its senses]. (Kz.) — See also بَرِيْ: البَارِئْ 🛥 آلبَارِئْ applied to God, The Creator; (T, S, Msb;) He who hath created the things that are created, not after any similitude, or model; (Nh;) or He who hath created those things free from any incongruity, or faultiness, (Mgh, and Bd in ii. 51,) and distinguished, one from another, by various forms and outward appearances: (Bd:) or the Former, or Fashioner ; syn. المصور [q. v.]. (M.)

بربخ

بَرْبَخَ The passage, or conduit, of water, called إردَبَة and بَالُوعَة [q. v.], made of baked clay: (K:) or بَرْابَخُ [the pl.] signifies the baked-clay conduits of privies, which convey [the water §c.] from the house-top to the ground. (S, but omitted in some copies.) بَرْبَخُ البُولِ The canal of the urine [from the kidney to the bladder; i. e. the urster]: (L, KL, TA:) of the dial. of Egypt. (TA.)

بربط

(K,) from بَرْبَطُ (IAth,) or تعجّر (IAth,) or تعجّر (IAth,) بربَطُ (K,) from بَرْبَتُ (IAth,) or تعجّر (IAth,) or بربَتْ (IAth,) or بربَتْ (IAth,) or توعان (IAth,) or breast of the duck, or goose; (Ide by 23 •